# Well-being through work











# The effect of the change in one's own job position during organizational merger

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# Research questions

- 1. Does the experience of the change in one's own job position (=improved or declined) during organizational merger have an impact on employees' well-being?
- 2. Do job characteristics, personal or organizational factors moderate or mediate this relation between change in position and well-being



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# Sample

- The data were derived from the "Still working" -prospective cohort study
- company-wide study in a Finnish Forest industry enterprise
- two surveys: before (1996) and after (2000) the merger
- n= 4618 of which 1086 perceived their position as improved or declined during the merger
- the merger process started at the beginning of 1999
- the company merged with a Swedish company of same size, no dramatic changes

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### Measures

### Same factors were measured before (1996) and after (2000) the merger

- Work-related well-being
  - exhaustion and cynicism (MBI)
  - feelings of stress (Occupational stress questionnaire, Elo & al. 1992)
  - work ability index (FIOH, Tuomi & al. 2001)
- Personal factors
  - Sense of coherence (SOC) (Antonovsky 1987)
  - Sense of competence (Wagner & Morse 1975)
- Support from organization, supervisor and co-workers
- Opportunities to participate in decision making
- Change in job position (after merger): How has your own position at the workplace changed? (improved, no change, declined)



# **Data analysis**



- Analysis of covariance (controlled for age, gender, education outcome at baseline): the differences in well-being of employees improved vs. declined position
- Regression analysis: moderating and mediating factors
- Sobel test



# **Descriptive statistics**

	Improved position n=604	Declined position n=482
Men	78%	75%
Women	22%	25%
Education Comprehensive school	20%	22%
Vocational school	30%	34%
College / University	50%	44%
Mean age	43.5	47.6



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### Results

### Changes in job positions during merger

- 71% of participants reported that there was no change in their position at the workplace
- 16% perceived their position at the workplace as improved
- 13% perceived their position as declined
- Those who saw their position as improved:
- were younger
- had a higher level of education

#### Before the merger they:

- experienced more support from the organization, co-workers and supervisor and scored higher on SOC and sense of competence
- had better well-being (less exhaustion, cynicism and stress) and better work ability compared to employees who saw their position as declined



### Results



After the merger the employees who felt that their job position had improved:

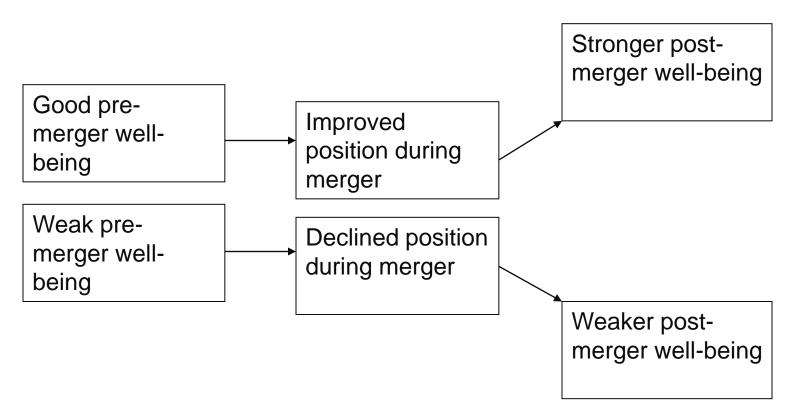
- experienced less exhaustion (p<.0001)</li>
- experienced less cynicism (p<.0001)</li>
- had less stress symptoms (p<.0001)</li>
- had better work ability (p<.0001)</li>

compared to those who felt that their position had declined (ancova controlled for age, gender, education, outcome at baseline)



# **Development of well-being** during organizational merger

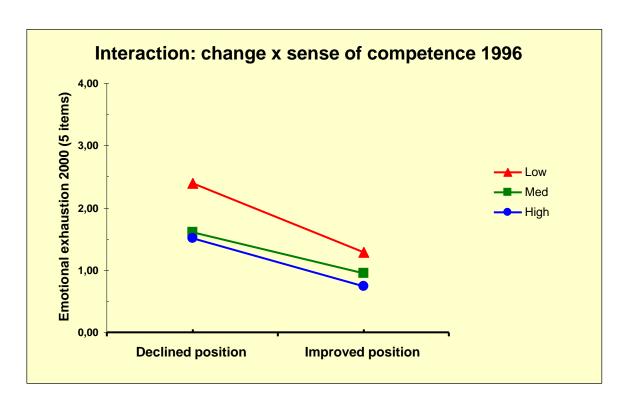
Two paths





### **Moderations**

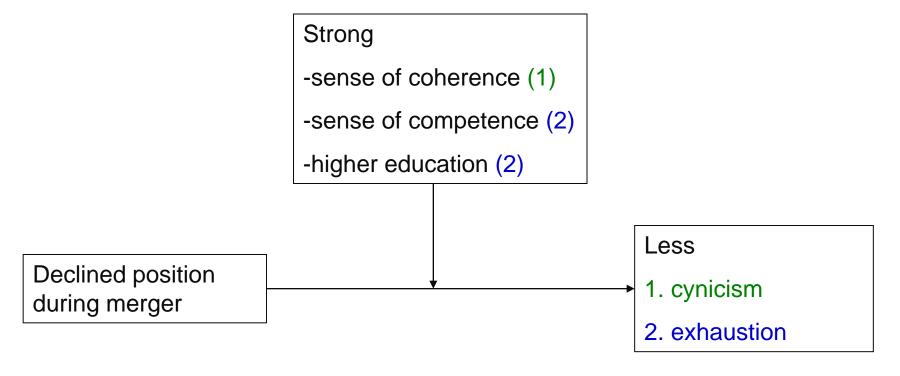
Strong sense of competence protects from exhaustion even if one's job position declines





# **Moderations: personal resources** are protective factors during organizational change





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### **Mediations**

Positive path

Improved position during merger

Increase in:

-task autonomy (1,2)

-role clarity (1,2)

-support from the organization and supervisor (1,2,3,4)

-opportunities to participate in decision making (1,2,3,4)

-stronger sense of competence (1,2,3,4)

Less

1. cynicism

2. exhaustion

3. stress

Better

4. Work ability



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### **Conclusions**

- Good pre-merger well-being anticipates the experience of a positive change during merger which in turn is linked to good well-being after merger
- good personal resources (SOC, sense of competence, education) may protect employees' well-being even in the situation where one's position at the workplace declines
- the improvement in the job position is followed by a stronger support from the organization and supervisor, more autonomy and role clarity and stronger sense of competence

# Merger studies



Pahkin K, Väänänen A, Koskinen A, Bergbom B, Kouvonen A: Organizational change and employees' mental health: the protective role of sense of coherence. Journal of occupational and environmental medicine 53 (2011) 118-123.

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Maintenance of subjective health during a merger: the role of experienced change and pre-merger social support at work in white- and blue-collar workers. Social science and medicine 58 (2004) 1903-1915

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Organizational merger and psychiatric morbidity: A prospective study in a changing work organization. Journal of epidemiology and community health. In press.





# **Thank You!**



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